

製程能力介紹

NDL 標準光阻製程

coating recipe : 8 ;

顯影 recipe : 12

光阻厚度與 E₀ 值的 swing curve

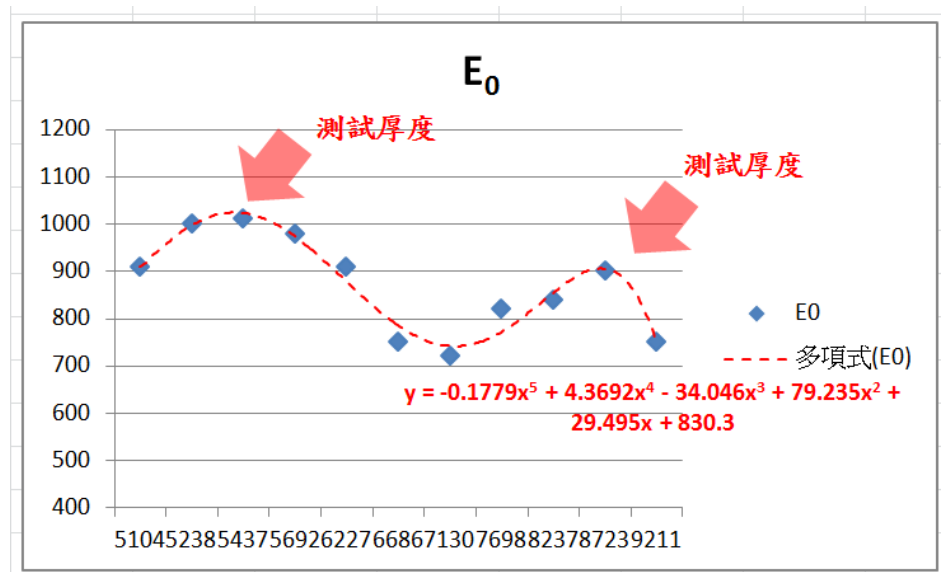
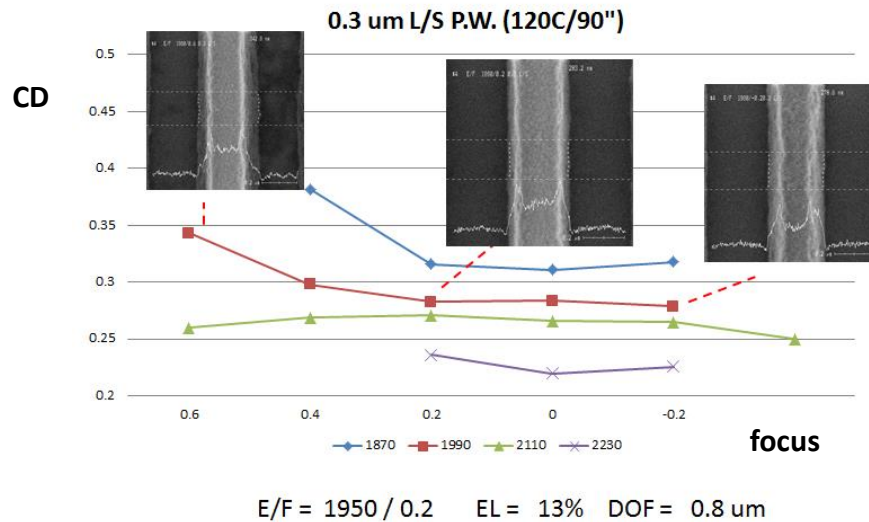


圖 : E₀ swing curve

Recipe : 12 光阻厚度 0.87 微米(峰點)的曝光測試

我們以 standard 曝光方式，在 0.87 um 的光阻厚度下求得 0.3 um、0.25 um 密集線與 0.4 um 密集柱子的 process window。

下圖為 0.3 um 密集線以 x 方向排列，經 standard mode 曝光後所求出的 process window。將 energy / focus (E / F) 設為 1950 / 0.2 (JM⁻² / um)，得到曝光劑量範圍(EL) +/- 6.5% 與景深 (DOF) 0.8 微米

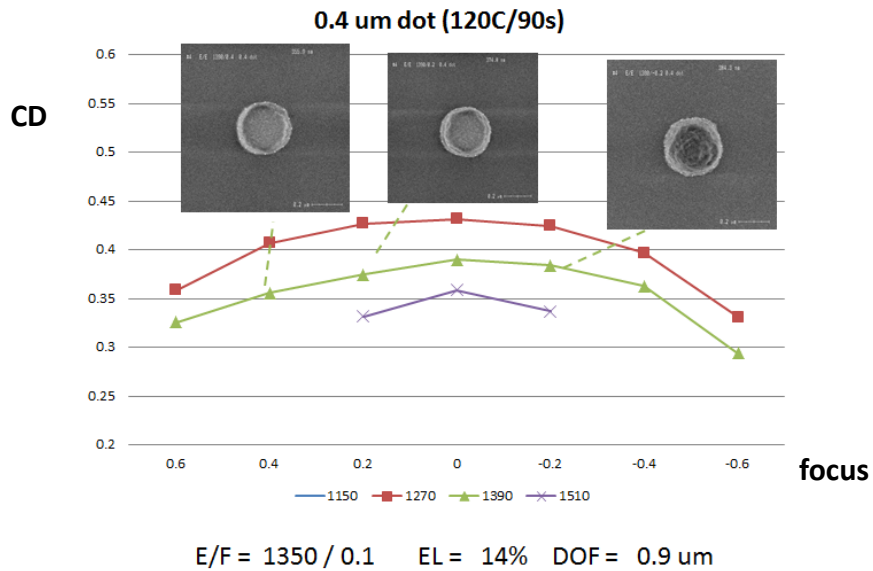


圖：標準曝光模式 / 光阻厚度 0.87 um / 0.3um 密集線的 process window

我們成功找出曝 0.25 um 密集線的條件，下圖為 0.25 um 密集線以 x 方向排列，經 standard mode 曝光後所求出的 process window。將 energy / focus (E / F) 設為 2330 / 0(JM⁻² / um)，得到景深 (DOF) 0.4 微米

E/F = 2330/-0.2(J/um) CD = 0.226	E/F = 2330/0(J/um) CD = 0.223	E/F = 2330/0.2(J/um) CD = 0.252

下圖為針對 0.4 um 密集柱子，經 standard mode 曝光後所求出的 process window。將 energy / focus (E / F) 設為 1350 / 0.1(JM⁻² / um)，得到曝光劑量範圍(EL) +/- 7% 與景深 (DOF) 0.9 微米

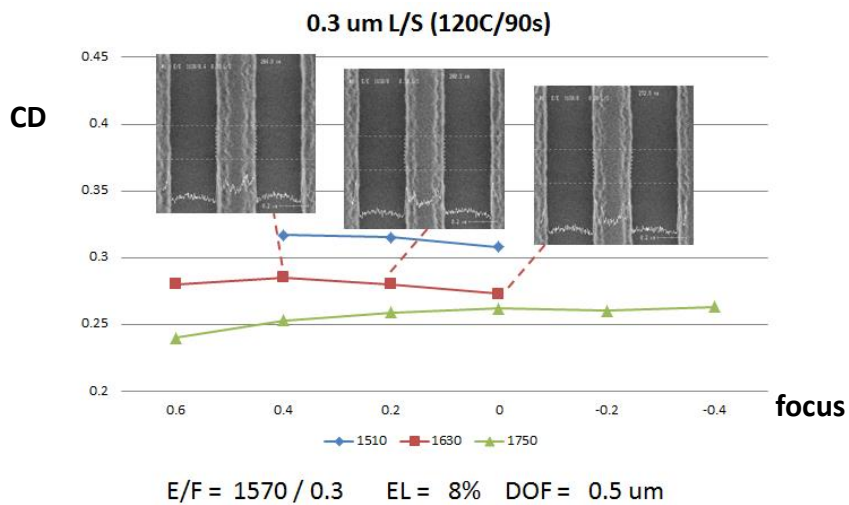


圖：標準曝光模式 / 光阻厚度 0.87 um / 0.4um 密集柱子的 process window

Recipe : 32 光阻厚度 0.52 微米(峰點) 的曝光測試

與上面實驗比較，我們只改變光阻厚度，將 0.87 um 改成 0.52 um。

下圖為 0.3 um 密集線以 x 方向排列曝光後所求出的 process window。將 energy / focus (E / F) 設為 1570 / 0.3(JM⁻² / um)，得到曝光劑量範圍(EL) +/- 4% 與景深 (DOF) 0.5 微米



圖：標準曝光模式 / 光阻厚度 0.52 um / 0.3um 密集線的 process window

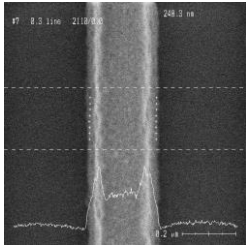
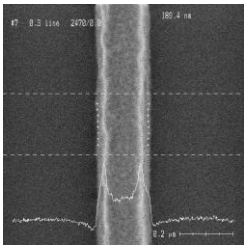
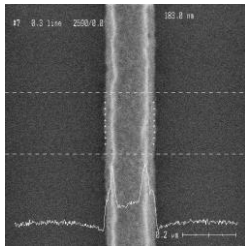
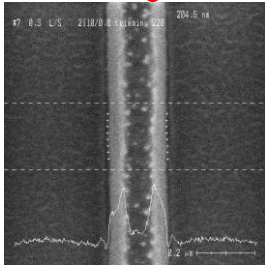
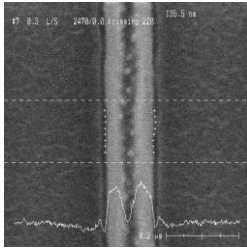
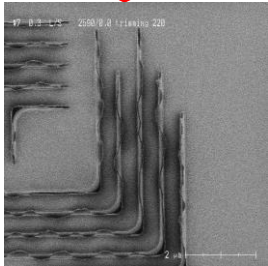
在 0.52 μm 光阻厚度下曝光，0.25 μm 密集線可解析，但無 process window。

E/F = 1870/0(J/um) CD = 0.216	E/F = 1990/0(J/um) CD = 0.186	E/F = 1990/0.2(J/um) CD = 0.187

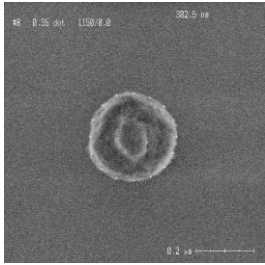
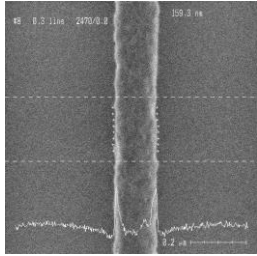
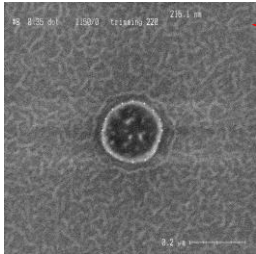
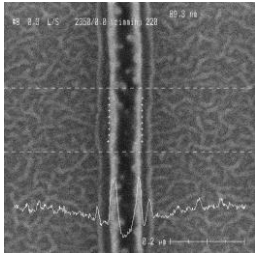
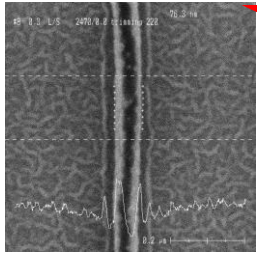
另外我們也在曝光能量 1150J/M² 下，求得 0.4 μm 密集柱子的製程資料。

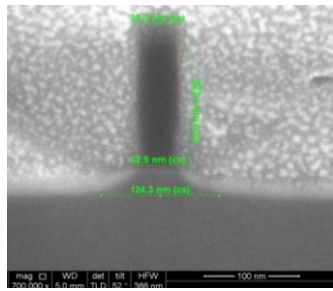
E/F = 1150/0(J/um) CD = 0.392 μm	E/F = 1150/0.2(J/um) CD = 0.396 μm	E/F = 1150/0.4(J/um) CD = 0.384 μm

0.87 微米光阻厚度的 trimming 製程

		
before trimming E/F = 2110/0 CD = 0.248um	before trimming E/F = 2470/0 CD = 0.189 um	before trimming E/F = 2590/0 CD = 0.183 um
		
after trimming CD = 0.205 um (Δ CD = 0.043 um)	after trimming CD = 0.136 um (Δ CD = 0.053 um)	after trimming

0.52 微米光阻厚度的 trimming 製程

		
before trimming E/F = 1150/0 CD = 0.302 um		before trimming E/F = 2470/0 CD = 0.159 um
		
after trimming CD = 0.215 um (Δ CD = 0.086 um)	after trimming CD = 0.089 um	after trimming CD = 0.076 um (Δ CD = 0.083 um)



光阻厚度剩 225 nm (原~ 500 nm)

Trimming rate : 0.19 nm / sec (side etching)

1.25 nm / sec (top etching)

top etching / side etching ~ 6.6

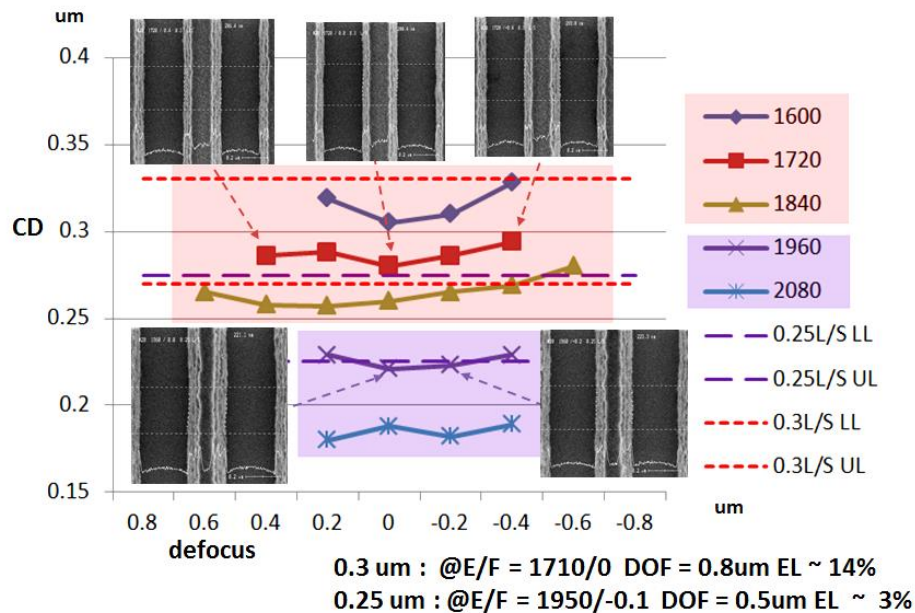
NDL 薄光阻製程

coating recipe : 24 ; 顯影 recipe : 74

Recipe :24 光阻厚度 0.42 微米(峰點)的曝光測試

我們以 standard 曝光方式，在 0.42 um 的光阻厚度下求得 0.3 um 與 0.25 um 密集線的 process window。

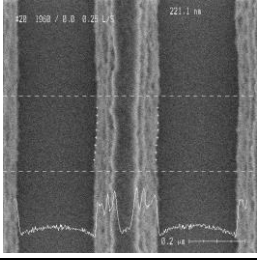
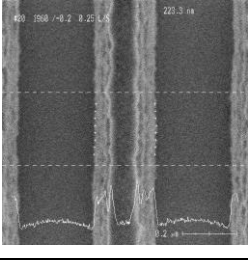
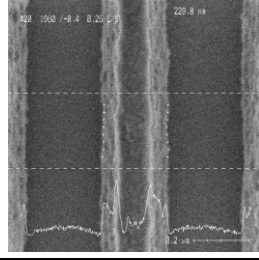
下圖為 0.3 um 密集線以 x 方向排列，經 standard mode 曝光後所求出的 process window。將 energy / focus (E / F)設為 1710 / 0 (JM⁻² / um)，得到曝光劑量範圍(EL) +/- 7% 與景深 (DOF) 0.8 微米



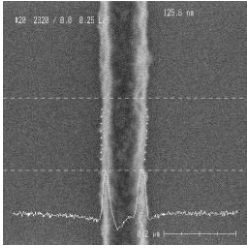
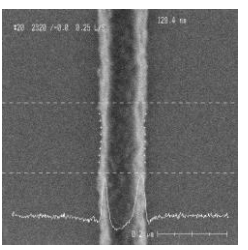
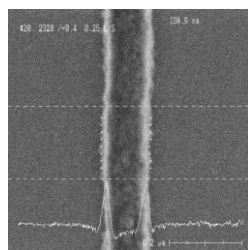
圖：標準曝光模式 / 光阻厚度 0.42 um / PEB = 120°C / 90s

0.3、0.25um 密集線的 process window

我們成功找出曝 0.25 um 密集線的條件，下圖為 0.25 um 密集線，經 standard mode 曝光後所求出的 process window。將 energy / focus (E / F)設為 1980 / -0.2(JM⁻² / um)，得到景深 (DOF) 0.6 微米

		
E/F = 1980/0(J/um) CD = 0.221 um	E/F = 1980/-0.2(J/um) CD = 0.223 um	E/F = 1980/-0.4(J/um) CD = 0.23um

下圖為利用 overexposing 的手法，可直接將光阻的線寬曝到大約 130 nm。將 energy / focus (E / F) 設為 2320 / -0.2(JM⁻² / um)，得到景深 (DOF) 0.4 微米。

		
E/F = 2320/0(J/um) CD = 0.125 um	E/F = 2320/-0.2(J/um) CD = 0.129 um	E/F = 2320/-0.4(J/um) CD = 0.139um